INTRODUCTION

What defines an action as violence? How have these definitions of violence in past societies changed over time? How do we interpret violent acts in the past without either condemning them or acting as passive observers? This course will explore these questions using the historiographical tools from broader political and social histories. Beginning with the broad debates in the histories of violence, we will then examine examples of violence from various historical periods, looking at everyday violence, duels, infanticide, paramilitary violence, warfare, assassination, and terrorism.

This first year course is designed to offer a foundation in the basics of historical analysis: how to read a scholarly article, how to recognize and analyze a primary source, how to compare historical events and themes across time and space, how to write a convincing argument, and how to recognize and appreciate the complexities, vulnerabilities and passions of people from the past.

Course Objectives

This course is designed to help you: (1) recognize and define major themes in recent scholarship on histories of violence and how they relate to other genre of history; (2) develop research skills using the library, archives, digital repositories and a variety of materials; (3) read and analyze primary resources in ways that recognize their value, and their limitations; (4) question and evaluate historiographical debates across a range of topics covered in the course; (5) articulate your own critical views, both in class discussion and in written work; (6) consider the contemporary relevance and importance of engaging with histories of the emotions.

Since learning is a collaborative process, students will also set their learning objectives based on their approach to material and aims for the course.

Assignments and Assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assignment</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
<th>Weight</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weekly participation in tutorials and lectures</td>
<td></td>
<td>20%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1000-word Primary Source Analysis</td>
<td>Oct. 20</td>
<td>30%</td>
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<tr>
<td>In-Class Exam</td>
<td>Nov. 14</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>800-word Historiographical Summary</td>
<td>Dec. 8</td>
<td>20%</td>
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Participation

In this introductory course, your participation is required, and is weighed at 20% of your final grade. Participation grades are based on the cumulative evidence that you have read and though critically about the reading, and are engaged in the work of voicing your views and listening to others. Participation is pro-rated on attendance, i.e. if you attend 60% of the classes that is your maximum mark. Attendance of fewer than 50% of the classes results in a mark of zero. Participation marks cannot be made up or accommodated in any other way other than participation in class. Components of the participation grade will include: defining your own learning objectives, reference to the readings and course material, participation in field trips and in-class workshops, in-class assessments of the readings, small-group discussion, bringing in newspaper articles and/or historical objects for class discussion, and general participation in class discussion.

Bonus points (1% on your final mark, to a maximum of 3%) will be periodically available throughout the course duration for attendance at special lectures and events hosted by the History Department.

Free pass: Each student will have one free pass to miss a class without diminishing her/his participation record. No explanation is required.

Detailed descriptions of other assignments will be found on separate handouts.

Class Schedule and Readings:

Sept. 8: Introduction

Sept. 13: Lecture: Histories of Violence
Sept. 15: Primary Sources: Christopher Waldrep and Michael Bellesiles, eds., Documenting American Violence: A Sourcebook, pp. 143-161.

Sept. 20: Lecture: Domestic Violence: Wife Beating

Sept. 27: Lecture: Domestic Violence: Infanticide

Oct. 4: Lecture: Ritual Violence: Honor and Dueling
Oct. 18: Lecture: Colonial Violence: Lynching
Oct. 20: Primary Sources: Dora Apel and Michele Shawn, eds., Lynching Photographs, pp. 4, 6, 48, 50, 63, & 72; Christopher Waldrep and Michael Bellesiles, eds., Documenting American Violence: A Sourcebook, pp. 324-331.

Oct. 25: Lecture: Assassinations

Nov. 1: Lecture: Terrorism
Nov. 3: Primary Sources: Lee Lerner and Brenda Lerner, eds., Terrorism: Essential Primary Sources, pp. 165-171.

Nov. 8: Lecture: (Civil, Regional, and World) Wars

Nov. 14: In-class exam
Nov. 16: No class

Nov. 22: Lecture: Terror Bombardment

Nov. 29: Lecture: Massacre during Wartime

Dec. 6: Lecture: War Crimes: Rape during Wartime
Dec. 8: Primary Source: John Rabe, A Good Man from Nanking, pp. 62-87.
RULES AND REGULATIONS

History Department Late Policy:

The History Department has specified that:

1. All essays are to be submitted in hard copy, typed and double-spaced on substantial white paper.

2. Footnotes, endnotes and bibliographies are to be prepared according to the Departmental Guide (which follows).

3. Late marks are calculated on the paper copy submitted to the instructor or in the Essay Drop Box. Late penalties are calculated according to calendar day, including weekends.

4. In first and second year courses lateness will be penalized as follows: First day late -- 3 marks deduction. Each subsequent calendar day late -- 2 marks per day deduction.

5. Third and fourth year seminars will be penalized for lateness at the rate of half a grade (5%) per day.

6. No paper or seminar will be accepted if it is more than seven calendar days late.

7. Extensions will only be given for assignments worth more than 10% with medical documentation submitted through Academic Counseling.

8. Since this is an essay course, students must complete the written assignments worth more than 10% to pass the course.

Guide to Footnotes and Bibliographies

Footnotes

Footnotes have several purposes in a history paper: (1) they acknowledge your use of other people’s opinions and ideas; (2) they allow the reader to immediately find your reference; (3) they give authority for a fact which might be questioned; they tell the reader when a source was written.

A footnote can appear either at the bottom of the page or collected together at the end of the essay where they are referred to as endnotes. The numeral indicating the footnotes should come at the end of the quotation or the sentence, usually as a superscript.

A footnote gives four main pieces of information which are set off by commas in the following order:

1) Author (surname after initials or first name),
2) Title: The title of a book is underlined or written in italics; The title of an article is put within quotation marks, followed by the periodical in which it was published, underlined or in italics; Place and date of publication is put in parentheses (); A fuller reference will include the publisher after the place of publication; Article citations do not include the place of publication and publisher.

3) Page number (including volume and issue numbers in case of periodical articles)

For example:


In subsequent references, a shorter reference can be used. It should include the author’s last name, a meaningful shorter title, and page numbers. For example: Careless, *Canada*, 179-206.

Where the reference is actually the same as the preceding one, the Lain abbreviation *ibid.* can be used; where it is the same (source), but the page number is different, use *ibid.*, followed by the relevant page number. However, the short title from is preferable for subsequent references and the use of other Latin abbreviation such as *op. cit.* is not recommended.

**Bibliography**

All the works you consulted, not just those cited in the footnotes, should be included in the bibliography. You may be required to prepare an annotated bibliography, in which you comment on the contents, utility, or worth of each source. If so, make sure you understand what the instructor expects, in particular the length as well as the nature of each annotation. Generally, list the sources in alphabetical order, by author. The format for a bibliography is similar to that for footnotes, except that the author’s surname precedes the other names and initials, periods instead of commas are used to divide the constituent parts, publication date is not put in brackets, and page numbers are not included except in the case of articles where the full page reference is necessary. For example:


**Plagiarism:**

Students must write their essays and assignments in their own words. Whenever students take an idea or a passage from another author, they must acknowledge their debt both by using quotation marks where appropriate and by proper referencing such as footnotes or citations. Plagiarism is an academic offence and will be dealt with in accordance with the relevant policy of the Huron University College ([http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/appeals/scholastic_discipline_undergrad.pdf](http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/appeals/scholastic_discipline_undergrad.pdf)). Note that to convey others’ phrases or sentences without quotation marks or block quotation, even if footnoted,
constitutes plagiarism. Students who are in doubt as to the nature of this offence should consult their instructor, department chair, dean’s office, as well as the Huron University College Statement on Plagiarism, available at [http://www.huronuc.on.ca/pdf/FASSonPlagiarism.pdf](http://www.huronuc.on.ca/pdf/FASSonPlagiarism.pdf). In addition, students may seek guidance from a variety of current style manuals available at the Reference Desk in the Huron University College Library. Information about these resources may be found at [www.huronuc/library/research_guides_and_handouts](http://www.huronuc/library/research_guides_and_handouts).

All required papers may be subject to submission for textual similarity review to the commercial plagiarism detection software under license to the University of Western Ontario for the detection of plagiarism. All papers submitted will be included as source documents in the reference database for the purpose of detecting plagiarism of papers subsequently submitted to the Turnitin.com system. Use of the service is subject to the license agreement, currently between the UWO and Turnitin.com (http://www.turnitin.com).

**Appeal:**

Before appealing a mark, take time to consider the assignment and the instructor’s comments. Then discuss the mark with the instructor. If the resolution is not satisfactory, make your appeal in writing to Dr. Nina Reid-Maroney.

**Appendix to Course Outlines**

**Prerequisite Information**

Students are responsible for ensuring that they have successfully completed all course prerequisites. Unless you have either the requisites for this course or written special permission from your Provost and Dean to enrol in it, you may be removed from this course and it will be deleted from your record. This decision may not be appealed. You will receive no adjustment to your fees in the event that you are dropped from a course for failing to have the necessary prerequisites.

**Conduct of Students in Classes, Lectures, and Seminars**

Membership in the community of Huron University College and the University of Western Ontario implies acceptance by every student of the principle of respect for the rights, responsibilities, dignity and well-being of others and a readiness to support an environment conducive to the intellectual and personal growth of all who study, work and live within it. Upon registration, students assume the responsibilities that such registration entails. The academic and social privileges granted to each student are conditional upon the fulfillment of these responsibilities.

In the classroom, students are expected to behave in a manner that supports the learning environment of others. Students can avoid any unnecessary disruption of the class by arriving in sufficient time to be seated and ready for the start of the class, by remaining silent while the professor is speaking or another student has the floor, and by taking care of personal needs prior to the start of class. If a student is late, or knows that he/she will have to leave class early, be courteous: sit in an aisle seat and enter and leave quietly.
Please see the *Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities* at: http://www.huronuc.ca/CurrentStudents/StudentLifeandSupportServices/StudentDiscipline

**Technology**

It is not appropriate to use technology (such as, but not limited to, laptops, cell phones) in the classroom for non-classroom activities. Such activity is disruptive and is distracting to other students and to the instructor, and can inhibit learning. Students are expected to respect the classroom environment and to refrain from inappropriate use of technology and other electronic devices in class.

**Academic Accommodation for Medical/Non-Medical Grounds**

Students who require special accommodation for tests and/or other course components must make the appropriate arrangements with the Student Development Centre (SDC). Further details concerning policies and procedures may be found at: http://www.sdc.uwo.ca/ssd/?requesting_acc

(a) **Medical Grounds for assignments worth 10% or more of final grade: Go Directly to Academic Advising**

University Senate policy, which can be found at http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/pdf/academic_policies/appeals/accommodation_medical.pdf, requires that all student requests for accommodation on medical grounds for assignments worth 10% or more of the final grade be made directly to the academic advising office of the home faculty (for Huron students, the “home faculty” is Huron), with supporting documentation in the form (minimally) of the Senate-approved Student Medical Certificate found at: http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/pdf/academic_policies/appeals/medicalform_15JUN.pdf.

The documentation is submitted in confidence and will not be shown to instructors. The advisors will contact the instructor when the medical documentation is received, and will outline the severity and duration of the medical challenge as expressed on the Student Medical Certificate and in any other supporting documentation. The student will be informed that the instructor has been notified of the presence of medical documentation, and will be instructed to work as quickly as possible with the instructor on an agreement for accommodation. The instructor will not normally deny accommodation where appropriate medical documentation is in place and where the duration it describes aligns with the due date(s) of assignment(s). Before denying a request for accommodation on medical grounds, the instructor will consult with the Provost and Dean. The instructor’s decision is appealable to the Provost and Dean.

(b) **Accommodation on Medical Grounds for assignments worth less than 10% of final grade: Consult Instructor Directly**

When seeking accommodation on medical grounds for assignments worth less than 10% of the final course grade, the student should contact the instructor directly. The student need only share broad outlines of the medical situation. The instructor may require the student to submit documentation to the academic advisors, in which case she or he will advise the student and inform the academic advisors to expect documentation. The instructor may not collect medical documentation. The advisors will contact the instructor when the medical documentation is received, and will outline the severity and duration of the medical challenge as expressed on the Student Medical Certificate and in any other supporting documentation. The student will be informed that the instructor has been notified of the presence of medical documentation, and will
be instructed to work as quickly as possible with the instructor on an agreement for accommodation. The instructor will not normally deny accommodation where appropriate medical documentation is in place and where the duration it describes aligns with the due date(s) of assignment(s). Before denying a request for accommodation on medical grounds, the instructor will consult with the Provost and Dean. The instructor’s decision is appealable to the Provost and Dean.

(c) Non-medical Grounds: Consult Instructor Directly

Where the grounds for seeking accommodation are not medical, the student should contact the instructor directly. Late penalties may apply at the discretion of the instructor. Apart from the exception noted below, academic advisors will not be involved in the process of accommodation for non-medical reasons.

Where a student seeks accommodation on non-medical grounds where confidentiality is a concern, the student should approach an academic advisor with any documentation available. The advisors will contact the instructor after the student’s request is received, and will outline the severity and duration of the challenge without breaching confidence. The student will be informed that the instructor has been notified that significant circumstances are affecting or have affected the student’s ability to complete work, and the student will be instructed to work as quickly as possible with the instructor on an agreement for accommodation. Before denying a request for accommodation where documentation has been submitted to an academic advisor, the instructor will consult with the Provost and Dean. The instructor’s decision is appealable to the Provost and Dean.

Statement on Academic Offences

Scholastic offences are taken seriously and students are directed to read the appropriate policy, specifically, the definition of what constitutes a Scholastic Offence, at the following Web site:

http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/pdf/academic_policies/appeals/scholastic_discipline_undergrad.pdf

Statement on Academic Integrity

The International Centre for Academic Integrity defines academic integrity as "a commitment, even in the face of adversity, to five fundamental values: honesty, trust, fairness, respect, and responsibility. From these values flow principles of behaviour that enable academic communities to translate ideals to action." (CAI Fundamental Values Project, 1999). A lack of academic integrity is indicated by such behaviours as the following:

- Cheating on tests;
- Fraudulent submissions online;
- Plagiarism in papers submitted (including failure to cite and piecing together unattributed sources);
- Unauthorized resubmission of course work to a different course;
- Helping someone else cheat;
- Unauthorized collaboration;
- Fabrication of results or sources;
- Purchasing work and representing it as one’s own.

Academic Integrity: Importance and Impact

Being at university means engaging with a variety of communities in the pursuit and sharing of knowledge and understanding in ways that are clear, respectful, efficient, and productive. University communities have established norms of academic integrity to ensure responsible, honest, and ethical behavior in the academic work of the university, which is best
done when sources of ideas are properly and fully acknowledged and when responsibility for ideas is fully and accurately represented.

In the academic sphere, unacknowledged use of another’s work or ideas is not only an offence against the community of scholars and an obstacle to academic productivity. It may also be understood as fraud and may constitute an infringement of legal copyright.

A university is a place for fulfilling one’s potential and challenging oneself, and this means rising to challenges rather than finding ways around them. The achievements in an individual’s university studies can only be fairly evaluated quantitatively through true and honest representation of the actual learning done by the student. Equity in assessment for all students is ensured through fair representation of the efforts by each.

Acting with integrity at university constitutes a good set of practices for maintaining integrity in later life. Offences against academic integrity are therefore taken very seriously as part of the university’s work in preparing students to serve, lead, and innovate in the world at large.

A university degree is a significant investment of an individual’s, and the public’s, time, energies, and resources in the future, and habits of academic integrity protect that investment by preserving the university’s reputation and ensuring public confidence in higher education.

Students found guilty of plagiarism will suffer consequences ranging from a grade reduction to failure in the course to expulsion from the university. In addition, a formal letter documenting the offence will be filed in the Provost and Dean’s Office, and this record of the offence will be retained in the Provost and Dean’s Office for the duration of the student’s academic career at Huron University College.

All required papers may be subject to submission for textual similarity review to the commercial plagiarism detection software under license to the University for the detection of plagiarism. All papers submitted for such checking will be included as source documents in the reference database for the purpose of detecting plagiarism of papers subsequently submitted to the system. Use of the service is subject to the licensing agreement, currently between The University of Western Ontario and Turnitin.com.

Computer-marked multiple-choice tests and/or exams may be subject to submission for similarity review by software that will check for unusual coincidences in answer patterns that may indicate cheating.

Personal Response Systems (“clickers”) may be used in some classes. If clickers are to be used in a class, it is the responsibility of the student to ensure that the device is activated and functional. Students must see their instructor if they have any concerns about whether the clicker is malfunctioning. Students must use only their own clicker. If clicker records are used to compute a portion of the course grade:
  - the use of somebody else’s clicker in class constitutes a scholastic offence,
  - the possession of a clicker belonging to another student will be interpreted as an attempt to commit a scholastic offence.

Policy on Special Needs
Students who require special accommodation for tests and/or other course components must make the appropriate arrangements with the Student Development Centre (SDC). Further details
concerning policies and procedures may be found at: http://www.sdc.uwo.ca/ssd/?requesting_acc

**Attendance Regulations for Examinations**
A student is entitled to be examined in courses in which registration is maintained, subject to the following limitations:
1) A student may be debarred from writing the final examination for failure to maintain satisfactory academic standing throughout the year.
2) Any student who, in the opinion of the instructor, is absent too frequently from class or laboratory periods in any course will be reported to the Provost and Dean of the Faculty offering the course (after due warning has been given). On the recommendation of the Department concerned, and with the permission of the Provost and Dean of that Faculty, the student will be debarred from taking the regular examination in the course. The Provost and Dean of the Faculty offering the course will communicate that decision to the Provost and Dean of the Faculty of registration.

**Class Cancellations**
In the event of a cancellation of class, every effort will be made to post that information on the Huron website, http://www.huronuc.ca/AccessibilityInfo (“Class Cancellations”).

**Mental Health @ Western**
Students who are in emotional/mental distress should refer to Mental Health @ Western http://www.uwo.ca/uwocom/mentalhealth/ for a complete list of options about how to obtain help.

**Academic Advising**
For advice on course selections, degree requirements, and for assistance with requests for medical accommodation [see above], students should contact an Academic Advisor in Huron’s Student Support Services (huronsss@uwo.ca). An outline of the range of services offered is found on the Huron website at: http://www.huronuc.ca/CurrentStudents/AcademicAdvisorsandServices

Department Chairs and Program Directors and Coordinators are also able to answer questions about their individual programs. Their contact information can be found on the Huron website at: http://www.huronuc.ca/Academics/FacultyofArtsandSocialScience